







MICHELANGELO BUONAROTTI



# Writers

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE



To be, or not to be: that is the question.





REBIRTH OF CLASSICAL KNOWLEDGE

LIST THREE ADJECTIVES DESCRIBING...

#### **GREECE & ROME**

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2.
- 3



Middle Ages

2.

3



Renaissance (n)- literally "rebirth"; era of renewed interest in classical (Greek & Roman) culture from roughly 1400-1600 CE

- After the fall of Rome (476 CE)...
  - Was the MEDIEVAL PERIOD
    - Besides a few highlights (Charlemagne, 100 Years War, the Plague), there are few things worth mentioning...
    - Lasted nearly 1,000 years
- Europe re-emerged after this era of stagnation in what is known as...

The RENAISSANCE

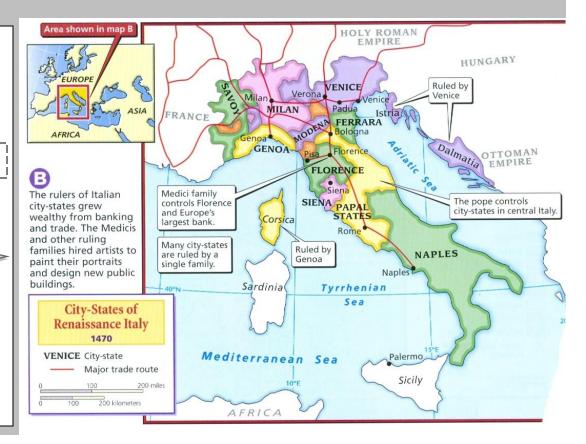
- Italian scholars began focusing on the works of ancient Greece and Rome
  - Works were compiled by Arabic, European,& Byzantine scholars
- Italian artists studied classical works of art

 $\underline{Patron}$  (n)- someone who financially supports the arts

o Financed by Patrons

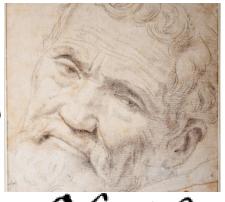
#### RENAISSANCE BEGINS IN ITALY

- o Italy had 3 advantages of the rest of Europe
- 1. BIG CITIES
  - Overseas trade sparked by the Crusades
    - Led to growth of large city states
    - o Large cities=Spread of new ideas
- WEALTHY MERCHANTS
  - Gained wealth from overseas trade
- 3. CLASSICAL HERITAGE
  - It was literally all around them...









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LEONARDO DA VINCI

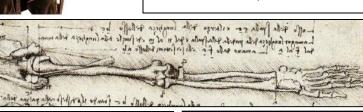
**MICHELANGELO** 

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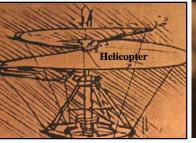
Renaissance Man (n)- A Polymath; a person whose expertise spans a significant number of different subject areas



- One of the greatest painters of all time (only 17 remain)
- Huge procrastinator
  - Took years to complete projects
  - o Many projects unfinished
- Could write with both hands at the same time... backwards.
- It is unknown why he did this
- Most Famous Work
- Kept journals daily (below):
  - o Tank, helicopter, crossbow, fetus in womb



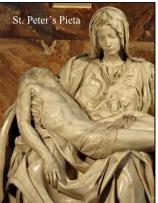








- A contemporary of Leonardo da Vinci
- M. is best known for his work on the Sistine Chapel
  - o 4 Years to complete
- AKA Il Divino (the divine one)
- The first western artist to have two biographies published during his lifetime

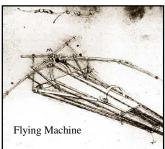


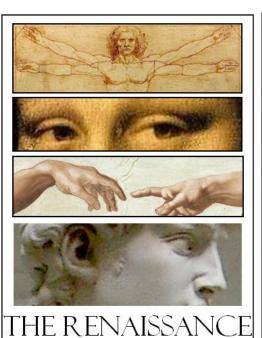
Creation of Adam











THE ITALIAN CITY-STATES COULDN'T KEEP THE RENAISSANCE TO THEMSELVES FOREVER...

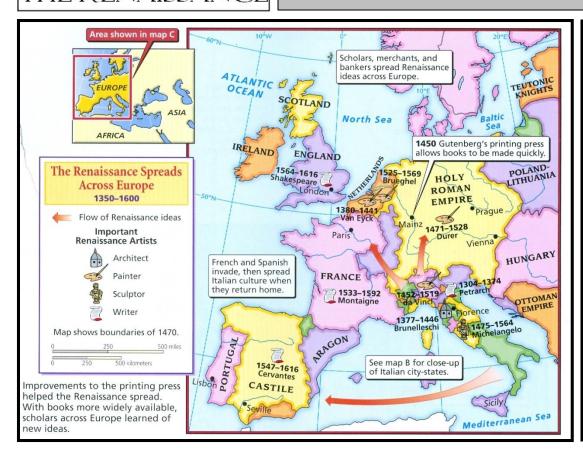
## THE RENAISSANCE SPREAD NORT

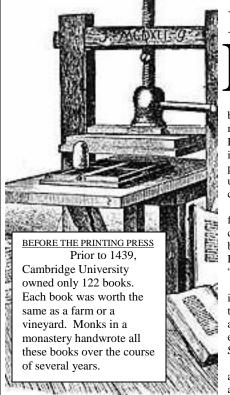
TO THE REST OF EUROPE BECAUSE OF **THREE MAJOR FACTORS** THAT HAD BEEN STOPPING THE SPREAD TO THIS POINT



THE MOST IMPORTANT PERSON OF THE NORTHERN RENAISSANCE WAS... **Shakespeare** 

- William Shakespeare (The Bard) An English Playwright 38 of his plays survive
  - Translated into every major language
  - Performed more than any other playwright's plays each year
  - Although rejected by most historians, many claim that Shakespeare never actually wrote any of his plays?!?!?!?





# THE MOST IMPORTANT

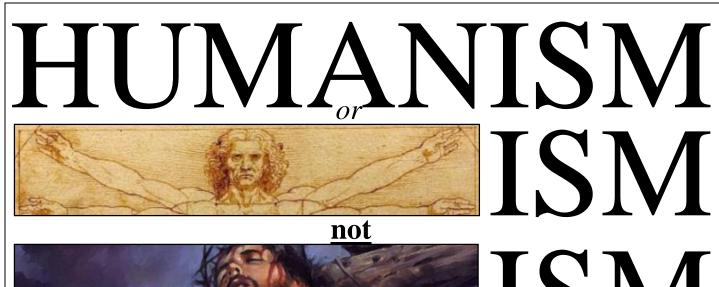
In 1439, Johannes Gutenberg became the first European to use movable type and created the Printing Press. Both Chinese and Korean inventors had previously created presses with movable type, but they used fragile clay or porcelain characters.

Johannes Gutenberg was the first to assemble a Printing Press that could mass produce books. His first big project was printing the Bible. The Pope proclaimed Gutenberg a "marvelous man" for his work.

Today, the Gutenberg Bible is considered the most valuable book in the world valued at \$30 million. There are 21 surviving complete copies in existence (including 5 in the United States).

Gutenberg's printing press allowed for books to become cheaper and more people to become literate.







<u>Humanism</u> (n)- An outlook or system of thought attaching <u>prime importance to human rather than divine</u> or supernatural matters; A Renaissance cultural movement that turned away from medieval scholasticism and revived interest in ancient Greek and Roman thought

### **BEFORE**

#### **HUMANISM**

- Medieval scholars focused on the Bible and other religions works
- People were simply given information from the Church and expected to accept it as fact
- Extreme focus on Religion and the afterlife

# **DURING**

#### **HUMANISM**

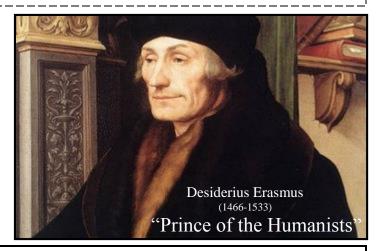
- Led by great scholars like Erasmus
- People began to focus on the world around them
- Human potential
- Human abilities
- Human thinking

Secular (n)- Denoting attitudes, activities, or other things that have no religious or spiritual basis; **WORLDLY** 

# **AFTER**

#### **HUMANISM**

 Laid the foundation for the original thoughts built on reason in the Scientific Revolution & Enlightenment



#### TRANSLATE THE FOLLOWING RELIGIOUS STATEMENT INTO A SECULAR ONE

The most important thing in this world is **GOD**. One should focus their lives around one thing... **RELIGION**. Everyone should be constantly thinking **HEAVEN**. The number one focus of all study should **THE BIBLE**. **THE BIBLE** is the most important subject in school. One should dress very **PLAINLY** and live in **MODEST** houses.