

ASSIGNMENT

STAAR® BLITZ: CIVIL RIGHTS ERA U.S. HISTORY



Matching - Select the best answer.

- | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| _____ 1. Civil rights group that used armed force to protest and protect themselves | A. Rosa Parks |
| _____ 2. Refused to move to the back of the bus and was arrested | B. Black Panthers |
| _____ 3. Argued that there is no equality in segregated schools | C. Lyndon B. Johnson |
| _____ 4. Supreme Court ruled to desegregate schools | D. Thurgood Marshall |
| _____ 5. Civil rights rally to peacefully protest ending discrimination of minorities | E. Governor Orval Faubus |
| _____ 6. Ordered the National Guard to prevent African American students from entering Little Rock High School | F. March on Washington |
| _____ 7. U.S. President that advanced the Civil Rights Act of 1964 through Congress | G. <i>Brown v. Board of Education</i> |

Categorize - Write the correct letter in the box.

This table shows a timeline of voting rights in the U.S.

8. Complete the timeline by matching the year and the voting rights amendment or law.

- A. Nineteenth Amendment grants women the right to vote
- B. Fifteenth Amendment prohibits any government from denying voting rights based on race
- C. Federal legislation that prohibits racial discrimination in voting

Voting Rights Timeline, 1870-1965

Year	Amendment or Law
1870	<div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 80px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
1920	<div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 80px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>
1965	<div style="border: 1px dashed black; width: 80px; height: 20px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>

Multiselect - Select the correct answers.

_____ 9. How did the Civil Rights Era improve life for African Americans, women, and other minorities?

Select **TWO** correct answers.

- A. Employers could no longer discriminate against potential employees based on race and gender.
- B. Legislation was passed requiring all African American men to enlist in the military in exchange for housing.
- C. Congress passed legislation forbidding the use of poll taxes to prevent people from voting.
- D. Decisions regarding the rights of minorities were left to the states under the Tenth Amendment.

Short Answer - Answer the following questions.

10. What did the 24th Amendment do?

11. Compare and contrast Martin Luther King Jr. and the Black Panthers.

12. Why did President Eisenhower send federal troops to Little Rock, Arkansas?

13. What was the impact of Martin Luther King Jr.'s "I Have a Dream" speech?

14. Why was the Equal Employment Opportunity created?

15. How has the civil rights movement impacted life today?

Historical Document - Use the excerpt from the historical document to answer the following questions.

"To assure that the right of citizens of the United States to vote is not denied or abridged on account of race or color, no citizen shall be denied the right to vote in any Federal, State, or local election because of his failure to comply with any test or device in any State with respect to which the determinations have been made..."

-Voting Rights Act of 1965

16. What is the source?

17. What era is this law from?

18. According to this law, what cannot be the cause of denying someone the right to vote?

19. How did this law impact voting in America?

Short Constructed Response - Think about the question carefully. Then enter your answer to **BOTH** parts of the question in the box provided.

20. What were Freedom Riders **AND** how did they help minority citizens?