
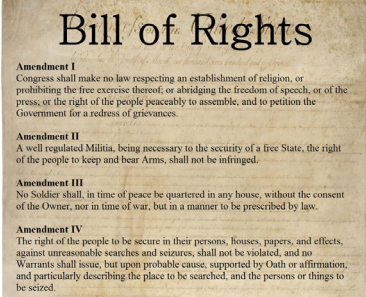
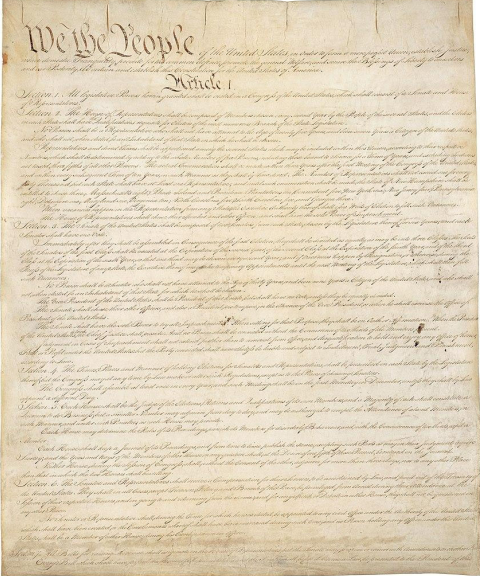

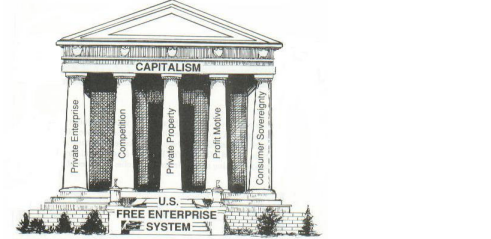



Constitutional Foundations Vocabulary

Term/Person	Identification	Draw a Picture
<p>Alexis de Tocqueville</p>	<p>Frenchman wrote "Democracy in America, 5 values made US successful: <u>liberty, laissez-faire, egalitarianism, populism, individualism</u></p>	
<p>Bill of Rights</p>	<p>First 10 <u>Amendments</u> of the US Constitution</p>	
	<p>Idea that the three branches of government have power over the actions of the other branches</p>	
<p>Constitution</p>	<p>"Supreme law of the land" outlines what the US government can/cannot do (<u>Preamble</u>)</p>	
<p>Declaration of Independence</p>		

	US national motto... "out of many, one;" people, races, religions, emerging as one US nation	
Free Enterprise		
	Government is controlled by the people, who elect representatives to make and enforce laws	
Popular Sovereignty	Idea that the power of the government rests with the people	
Separation of Powers	Power of the government is divided into three branches (legislative, executive, and judicial)	
Unalienable Rights		
	Freedom of religion, speech, the press, assembly, and protest	
2nd Amendment	Freedom to bear arms (own and carry weapons)	

3rd Amendment		
	No illegal searches	
5th Amendment		
6th Amendment	Right to a quick, public, trial by jury	
	Right to a jury in civil law-suits	
8th Amendment		
9th Amendment	Rights in the Constitution cannot be used to take away other rights	
	Powers not given to the national government in the Constitution belong to the states	