

# FOCUS SHEET -

Name \_\_\_\_\_

## Chapter 12: Crusades & Culture in the Middle Ages (pages 275-295)

During the High and Late Middle Ages ( \_\_\_\_\_ ), the common theme is a continuing struggle between the \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_ . Define secular: \_\_\_\_\_ Each thought they should have \_\_\_\_\_ control over the other. The \_\_\_\_\_ shaped the \_\_\_\_\_ and culture during the time and many looked to the \_\_\_\_\_ authority; however, many rulers believed that their authority to rule came from \_\_\_\_\_ also.

### PROLOGUE

Your status in life depended on what you did not what you had.

You: fought \_\_\_\_\_  
prayed \_\_\_\_\_  
worked \_\_\_\_\_

High class vs Low class

Guilds - protect the producer at the expense of the consumer.

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_

Church role in society vs Nobility

### L-1: Medieval Christianity (p. 278)

Since the 5th century, the \_\_\_\_\_ of the \_\_\_\_\_ had claimed supreme \_\_\_\_\_ over the Church and the people. This included some expansion into the \_\_\_\_\_ area also:

- 1 Control of the Papal States: territory around Rome in \_\_\_\_\_ was controlled the church, who acted in political matters also collected taxes, justice, defense
- 2 Feudal Involvement: the Church held land as \_\_\_\_\_ and some church officials held land also. This became an issue of \_\_\_\_\_ in disputes between \_\_\_\_\_ rulers and \_\_\_\_\_ officials.

#### Lay investiture:

Pope Gregory VII: elected pope in \_\_\_\_\_ - wanted to end \_\_\_\_\_ and said that the \_\_\_\_\_ was the highest authority and the church should be \_\_\_\_\_ (>>>>God) .

King Henry IV: Holy Roman Emperor and King of Germany. German kings always used the \_\_\_\_\_ to control the \_\_\_\_\_ .

This conflict went on for \_\_\_\_\_ until a new pope and king reached a compromise known as the Concordat of Worms in \_\_\_\_\_. This specified \_\_\_\_\_ to both church and king. The height of church power was in the \_\_\_\_\_ under \_\_\_\_\_, who had a strong belief in \_\_\_\_\_. He made use of the \_\_\_\_\_: this forbid priests from giving \_\_\_\_\_ (Christian rites) to certain people. This was an attempt to use the people's \_\_\_\_\_ to force an action - usually of the \_\_\_\_\_ .



## New Religious Orders p. 280

The popularity of the church led to the establishment of many new \_\_\_\_\_ ,  
monastic orders and other church procedures.

- 1 Cistercians: 1 \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_  
2 \_\_\_\_\_ 5 emphasis on helping people outside  
3 \_\_\_\_\_ the monastery
- 2 Convents: created so that \_\_\_\_\_ could devote themselves to the  
\_\_\_\_\_. Especially for \_\_\_\_\_ women and \_\_\_\_\_ .
- 3 Franciscans: founded by St. Francis of Assisi. 1 \_\_\_\_\_  
2 \_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_  
4 \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Dominicans: wanted to defend the church from \_\_\_\_\_ , errors in church teachings  
Heretic= \_\_\_\_\_
- 5 Inquisition: a church \_\_\_\_\_ that was created to deal with \_\_\_\_\_. This  
court would question people about their beliefs and \_\_\_\_\_ them  
to get them to believe as the \_\_\_\_\_. (Salvation came only  
through the \_\_\_\_\_). Some thought they were saving the  
people from \_\_\_\_\_ .

## Religion in the High Middle Ages p. 282

The Church was a \_\_\_\_\_ factor in Europe during this time because:

- 1 Church services were all in \_\_\_\_\_ no matter what the \_\_\_\_\_ language was.
- 2 Sacraments: \_\_\_\_\_  
These were all seen as necessary for \_\_\_\_\_ and only the  
Church and church officials could perform them
- 3 Saints : holy people who were thought to have a special \_\_\_\_\_ with God and  
could ask God for \_\_\_\_\_. \_\_\_\_\_ - bone or object of a Saint.  
These were \_\_\_\_\_ because they were thought to be a link to God.

